



T.E. (Information Technology) (Semester – I) Examination, 2010
THEORY OF COMPUTATION
(2003 Course)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

- Instructions :**
- 1) Answer **any three** questions from **each** Sections.
 - 2) Answers to the **two** Sections should be written in **separate** answer books.
 - 3) **Neat** diagrams must be drawn **wherever** necessary.
 - 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
 - 5) Assume suitable data, if **necessary**.

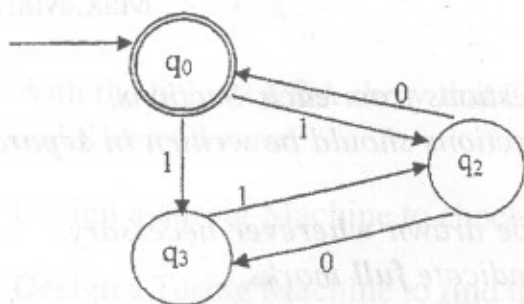
SECTION – I

1. a) Construct a NFA and its equivalent DFA for accepting a language defined over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$, such that each string has two consecutive zeroes followed by 1. **10**
 - b) Design a Moore machine for the 1's complement of a binary numbers. **4**
 - c) Compare the following :
 - i) DFA and NFA
 - ii) Moore machine and Mealy machine. **4**
- OR
2. a) Design a Finite State Machine for divisibility by 5 tester of a given decimal number. **6**
 - b) Design a Moore machine for checking divisibility by 3 of a given decimal number (residue of 3). **6**
 - c) Design a Mealy machine for a binary input sequence such that if the sequence ends with 100 the output is 1 otherwise output is 0. **6**
3. a) Find a regular expression corresponding to each of the following subsets of $\{0, 1\}^*$.
 - i) The language of all strings ending in 01.
 - ii) The language of all strings that contain at least one occurrence of each symbol in Σ .
 - iii) The language of all string containing an even no of 0's. **6**

P.T.O.



b) Consider the following transition diagram. Convert it to equivalent regular expression. 6



c) Prove that $L = \{a^{n^2} / n \geq 1\}$ is not regular (use pumping lemma theorem). 4

OR

4. a) Give regular expression for the following :

i) For $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ such that

$L(r) = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ has at least one pair of consecutive zeroes}\}$

ii) For $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ such that

$L(r) = \{w \in \{0, 1\}^* : w \text{ has no pair of consecutive zeroes}\}$

iii) For $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ such that

$L(r) = \{a^n, b^m, n \geq 4, m \leq 3\}$

iv) For $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ such that

$L = \{\text{all strings containing even numbers of zeroes}\}$. 8

b) Construct DFA equivalent to the following Regular Expression $(01/10)^*00$. 8

5. a) Find the GNF equivalent to the CFG

$S \rightarrow AB$

$A \rightarrow aA \mid bB \mid b$

$B \rightarrow b$ 4

b) Consider the following productions :

$$S \rightarrow aB \mid bA$$

$$A \rightarrow aS \mid bAA \mid a$$

$$B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$$

For the string aaabbabbba find :

- i) The leftmost derivation
- ii) The right most derivation
- iii) Parse tree

Check whether the given grammar is ambiguous

8

c) Find the CFG to generate the language defined the following Regular Expressions.

i) ab^*

ii) a^*b^*

OR

4

OR

6. a) Convert the following grammars to their equivalent Chomsky Normal Forms :

i) $S \rightarrow ABa$

$$A \rightarrow aab$$

$$B \rightarrow AC$$

ii) $S \rightarrow 1A \mid 0B$

$$A \rightarrow 1AA \mid 0S \mid 0$$

$$B \rightarrow 0BB \mid 1S \mid 1$$

8

b) Construct right linear and left linear grammar for the language

$$L = \{a^n, b^m, n \geq 2, m \geq 3\}$$

OR

8

SECTION - II

7. a) Construct a PDA that accepts the language.

$$L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$$

10

b) Compare DPDA and NPDA.

4

c) Write a short note on closure properties of CFLs.

4

OR



8. a) Define Push Down Automata. 2

b) Design a PDA to accept a language defined by the following CFG.

$$S \rightarrow S + S \mid S * S \mid a .$$

10

c) With the help of PDA show that CFL are closed under union, concatenation and Kleen Closure. 6

9. a) Design a Turing Machine to check the equality of two given numbers. 8

b) Design a Turing Machine to find the 1's complement of a given binary input. 8

OR

10. a) Design a Turing machine with no more than three states that accepts the language $(a(a+b)^*)$ assume that $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. 8

b) Write a short note on : 8

i) Universal Turing Machine

ii) Halting problem of Turing machine.

11. a) Explain in brief the applications of CFG in compilers. 4

b) Enlist the various applications of Regular Expressions and explain any one of them. 6

c) Write a short note on : Recursive and recursively enumerable language. 6

OR

12. Write a short note on : 16

i) Application of PDA in Expression conversion

ii) Limitation of TM

iii) FSM limitations and properties.